	Medical Assistance	EID/PAB	Jessica Crothers x1332, LaNette Anderson x1343, Julie Powell x1340, Maria Diaz x1033, LaTonya Harris X1329, Sergio Deleon x4943	
Program Purpose	Enroll Virginia residents who meet income and other eligibility requirements in Medical Assistance, a government healthcare insurance program.			
Program Information	Financial requirements inc	in (FAMIS). Collective (MA). Service providers for many content of the content of	rely, these programs are medical services rendered to determined for Medicaid as income, their eligibility is brenatal to nursing home oups include applicants who regnant women, Modified and the parent(s) or dinonfinancial limited to rights to medical benefits, and upon the covered group. The ted to meeting asset alterm care, and resources the covered group. Not all le income and some allity determination. In action, review/renewals, as supports an Eligibility services to patients of the Federal Social ds. The State Plan for regulations covering the AMIS program is an isstered by the Department wided are based on the lay 31. In the on March 31,2023, and May 11, 2023, requiring	

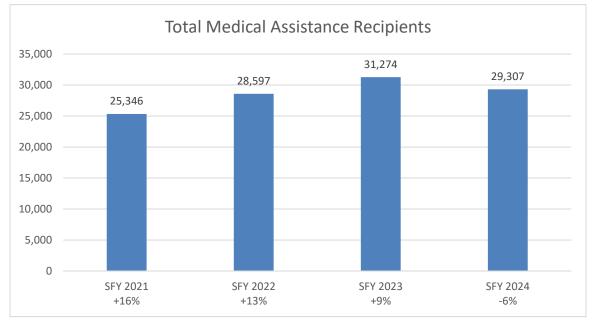
	FY 20	024 PERFORMAN	CE PLAN		
	 With the end of continuous enrollment, states were required to complete an eligibility renewal for all Medicaid and CHIP enrollees by May 2024, commonly referred to as "unwinding". Arlington had over 15,000 cases that needed to be renewed/reviewed. 				
Service Delivery Model	 The Medical Assistance program was delivered in a hybrid format in SFY 2024. The Public Assistance Bureau staff most often teleworked four days a week and provided customer services in the office one day per week. Service delivery in SFY 2025 should remain the same. 				
PM1: How much did we do?					
Staff	Total 23.25 FTEs: • 2.25 FTE Benefit Programs Supervisors (50% of 4 BP Supervisors & 25% of 1 Supervisor) • 19.5 FTE Benefit Programs Specialists (50% of 39 FTEs) • 1.5 FTE Case Aides (50% of 3 FTEs)				
Customers		SFY 2021	SFY 2022	SFY 2023	SFY 2024
and Service Data	Total Applications received	4,463	3,853	4,388	5,352
	Total Medical Assistance recipients	25,346	28,597	31,274	29,307
	Total Medical Assistance households	20,973	23,853	25,922	23,941
PM2: How	well did we do it?				
2.1	Applications processed on time				
2.2	Reviews processed on time				
2.3	Accuracy of eligibility determination for applications and reviews				
PM3: Is anyone better off?					
3.1	Enrollments in Medical Assistance at Virginia Hospital Center for patients that do not have insurance upon admission				
	1				

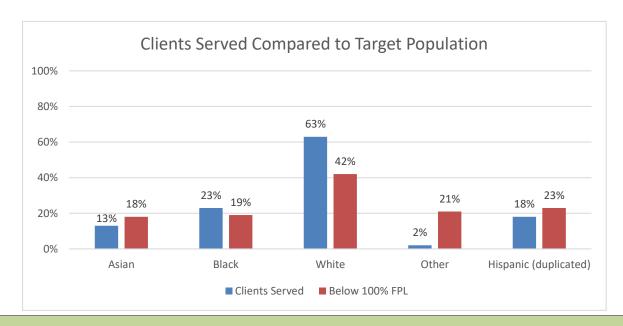
Impact of Arlington Medical Assistance program

3.2

Medical Assistance Measure 1 Total Clients Served

Data





Data Summary

- In SFY 2024, there were 29,307 total medical assistance recipients.
- The number of medical assistance recipients increased 16% between SFY 2021 and SFY 2024.
- Asian and Hispanic families continue to be underserved in Medicaid enrollment; more White and Black families with income below 100% FPL were served in SFY 2024
- Data is reported from the VaCMS data system. VaCMS does not have an option for clients to identify as "Other", so clients who may have identified as "Other" on the census would have needed to choose a different option in VaCMS.

 Race data was missing/unknown for 1914 clients. These clients are excluded from the racial equity analysis.

What is the story behind the data?

- The number of recipients increased by over 7,500 since the beginning of the pandemic in SFY 2020 despite the unwinding or reinstatement of Medicaid renewals.
- Medical Assistance renewals had been waived since SFY 2019. Any recipient enrolled during this period remained enrolled unless they requested closure or moved out of state. Effective May 2023, Medicaid renewals were required for continued eligibility.
- In comparison to the population of Arlington residents with incomes less than the federal
 poverty level, the program served a higher proportion of White and Black residents. In
 addition to income requirements, Medical Assistance recipients must meet additional nonfinancial eligibility guidelines which many non-citizens may not meet.
- Emergency Medicaid policy continues to provide emergency hospital coverage for qualifying immigrants on an annual basis as opposed to one-time services as in the past. This is a permanent policy change.
- In SFY 2024, we processed 29,692 Medicaid renewals (current and past due; manual and exparte). Of these cases, 20,900 were continued as eligible, and 8,792 cases were closed.

Target Dates
OngoingOngoing
•

Forecast

• In SFY 2025, the number of Medical Assistance recipients will likely remain steady. Although the PHE ended May 2023 and all Medicaid cases were reviewed for continued eligibility, enrollment remains high.

Medical Assistance Measure 2.1 Applications processed on time Data Applications processed on time 97% 100% 92% 88% Federal 90% Target: 97% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% SFY 2021 SFY 2022 SFY 2023 SFY 2024 4,330/4,463 4,690/5,352 3,542/3,853 4,138/4,388

Data Summary

- In SFY 2024, 88%% of applications were processed in a timely manner.
- Monthly data is obtained from Virginia Department of Social Services (VDSS) Data Warehouse and <u>Performance Indicator Monthly Report</u> (<u>virginia.gov</u>). Data for years prior to SFY 2024 was self-reported.

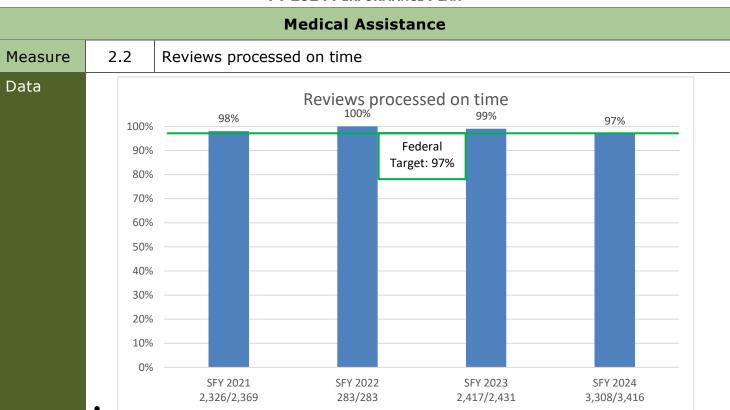
What is the story behind the data?

- In SFY 2024, program staff did not meet the federal target for Medical Assistance compliance of 97%. The average Virginia statewide compliance rate was 92.7%.
- Federal policy requires pregnant woman applications provided with complete
 documentation be processed within 7 days and 45 days for all other applications.
 Arlington continued to experience high turnover, high training needs, and an
 increased number of applications which all delayed Medicaid processing. Arlington was
 also tasked with processing over 15,000 unwinding Medicaid households in SFY 2024.
- Arlington's Medicaid applications increased by 22% in SFY 2024. Households were
 unaccustomed to an annual review during the PHE, which was reinstated last year.
 Because renewals mailed from the state office took up to 3-4 weeks to get to clients,
 more cases were closed and required to reapply.

Recommendations	Target Dates
Continue prioritizing tasks and reallocating resources to ensure timeliness standards are met.	Ongoing
• Continue to provide weekly pending reports of applications approaching processing deadlines to workers.	Ongoing
Workers will continue to monitor the tasks and reminders to complete each action timely as they appear on the VACMS dashboard.	Ongoing
 Utilize new staff allocated to the bureau effective SFY 2025. 	• SFY 2025 Q2

Forecast

• In SFY 2025, Medical Assistance applications will be at or above 97% timeliness with increased staff and quality training.



Data Summary

- Weekly data is obtained from VDSS Weekly Medical Assistance (MA) Status report; monthly data is obtained from VDSS Case Renewals by Number of Months Overdue report, <u>Performance Indicator Monthly Report (virginia.gov)</u> (PIMR) and annual statistics are compiled by program staff. Timeliness statics were selfreported because the PIMR reports were drastically different due to the unwinding process.
- Federal policy requires reviews be initiated in the 11th month of eligibility to ensure timely completion of the review. Likewise, the timeframe for acting on a review is 30 calendar days from the receipt of the completed review form.
- In SFY 2018, the Virginia Case Management System began doing exparte or automated Medicaid review of certain cases. When the automated exparte run operates properly, the worker has no responsibility for the case; however, there are many instances when the worker must review these cases as well to ensure accuracy and timeliness.
- The PHE ended on May 11, 2023, and the requirement to complete all Medicaid renewals was reinstated allowing a term of 12 months to complete the renewal process of over 15,000 cases which was suspended for the past three years. With approved overtime, staff processed almost 6,000 overdue Medicaid reviews last year. These cases are excluded from this measure.
- Program staff continue to meet or exceed the federal timeliness standards.

What is the story behind the data?

 The Public Health Emergency was issued March 25, 2020, and was extended through May 11, 2023, stating local agencies are going to continue completing Medicaid renewals and partial reviews, but cases cannot be closed except for select reasons. All submitted renewals had to be reviewed for eligibility, but many of them could not be completed due to the

- mandate of no closures or reduction in benefits. On March 26, 2021, all renewals were suspended. Policy was later changed to complete renewals that do not reduce recipients' benefits. Requirements to complete Medicaid renewals resumed in April 2023.
- Staff have continued processing annual Medical Assistance reviews in a timely manner, meeting or exceeding the federal target of 97%. Ninety-seven percent of Medicaid reviews were completed on time in SFY 2024.
- Numerous special reviews were processed during the year but are not captured in these numbers. A special review is initiated when a client reports a change in the household situation. Some clients have been erroneously enrolled by CoverVA (the state).
- Caseloads have increased over 50% since SFY 2019. The program was required to review all Medicaid cases between May 2023 and May 2024. Since this requirement was instituted in SFY 2023, staff have been working overtime hours and the program has been allocated temporary staff.
- Turnover among staff remained high over the past year, and the program is hiring five new Overstrength Benefit Programs Specialists (BPS's) in SFY 2025.

Recommendations	Target Dates
Continue to provide weekly pending reports of outstanding reviews approaching processing deadlines to workers.	Ongoing
Continue to make regular referrals to Neighborhood Health and other facilities/programs when members do not qualify for Medicaid.	Ongoing
Respond to requests from community partners (Clarendon House, Behavioral Health, Reentry Program and Refugee Assistance) regarding continued eligibility and enrollment	• SFY 2025, Q4
 concerns. Recruit a trainer and overstrength positions; and develop a structured program for inexperienced new staff. 	• SFY 2025, Q2
Favorach	

Forecast

• In SFY 2025, Medical Assistance reviews will remain at or above 97% timeliness.

Medical Assistance Measure 2.3 Accuracy of eligibility determination for applications and reviews

Data



Data Summary

- Federal policy requires case accuracy meet a 90% standard. Program staff met this standard in SFY 2024.
- Monthly data is obtained from supervisors and trainers who monitor up to three
 (3) Medical Assistance cases per worker (or more if there is a new worker in
 training) each month. Information is maintained in a shared network drive.
 Audits performed by the regional Department of Social Services (DSS) office are
 included in this measure as well. The number of Medical Assistance cases
 reviewed during the PHE declined with the cessation of Medical Assistance
 redeterminations.
- In SFY 2024, the Regional office did not monitor cases until after the end of the fiscal year.

What is the story behind the data?

- Internal Medicaid audits correct inaccurate determinations prior to that information being shared with recipients in many cases. Accuracy of Eligibility Determination means that the customer receives the maximum coverage they are entitled to receive based on eligibility factors.
- The number of Medicaid cases monitored increased in SFY 2024 due to training/monitoring of new staff._The state rarely monitors Medicaid cases, but Arlington maintains its own quality assurance plan. Internal case monitoring is a preemptive measure to prevent state and federal errors.
- During the past few years, due to the numerous vacancies, supervisors and case readers have been forced to change their focus from case readings to Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), and Medicaid applications processing and new staff training. We have hired at least 15 new Benefit Programs Specialists in the past three years.

Recommendations	Target Dates
Continue to provide quarterly policy training and ensure that all new policy is reviewed at unit and Bureau meetings.	Ongoing
• Continue to provide supplemental monthly reviews for staff in need of additional guidance as determined by the supervisor.	Ongoing
 Continue to recruit and hire trainers/case readers who can monitor case actions to a great degree than our current capacity. 	Ongoing
Continue to try to recruit and retain experienced staff.	Ongoing

Forecast

 In SFY 2025, the accuracy goal of eligibility determination for reviews will meet the federal standard of 90%.

Medical Assistance Enrollments in Medical Assistance at Virginia Hospital Center Measure 3.1 (VHC) for patients that do not have insurance upon admission Data **Enrollments at VHC** 400 338 350 295 291 300 250 200 150 100 50

Data Summary

 Medical Assistance enrollments and applications at VHC in SFY 2024 are still up.

SFY 2023

455 Applications

SFY 2024

344 Applications

 Data is generated from monthly reports provided by program staff working at Virginia Hospital Center (VHC).

SFY 2022

315 Applications

 The number of hospital applications decreased 24% in SFY 2024 compared to SFY 2023 but remained higher than any other year since SFY 2016. 98% of applicants were approved.

What is the story behind the data?

SFY 2021

360 Applications

- In SFY 2023 and 2024, the number of applications and enrollments at VHC remain higher than SFY 2021 and 2022 due to changes in the eligibility policy for immigrants. Lawful Permanent Residents (LPRs, sometimes called "green-card holders") no longer need 40 qualifying quarters of work to become eligible for Medicaid. There is no scheduled end date for this policy change.
- When a patient has no health insurance and appears to meet financial guidelines,
 VHC refers them to the onsite Department of Human Services (DHS) Eligibility
 Worker to complete an application.
- In SFY 2024, approval rates remained high. Denial reasons include financial ineligibility, lack of Virginia residency, not meeting a covered group, and applicants' failure to follow through with required documentation. To increase the number of approved applications, VHC has staff to assist applicants in gathering and providing needed documentation to determine eligibility.
- Due to a decrease in the number of hospital applications being received, in SFY 2016, VHC reduced the number of staff supporting this partnership from 2 to 1. This worker saw an increase in applications since SFY 2018. DHS Medicaid applications increased

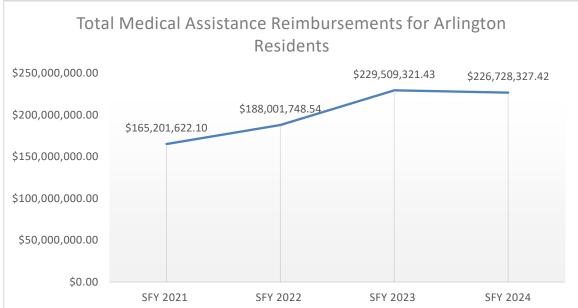
in SFY 2023 and 2024 likely due to customer need and possibly because of recipients failed to renew within their 90 day renewal grace period and would have to reapply after that date.

Recommendations	Target Dates
 Continue to meet with VHC staff regularly to maintain open conversations, providing feedback on what is working as well as possible setbacks and improvements. Continue to monitor the number of intake applications at VHC and provide additional support as needed. Continue to provide outreach/application assistance through the Public Health Division and Community Outreach Centers. Consider a race equity analysis for this measure. Implement a similar partnership with Neighborhood Health to further enhance access to Medical Assistance benefits. Consider developing a self-paced training for DHS and nonprofit case managers to help clients complete benefits applications. 	 Ongoing Ongoing Ongoing SFY 2025, Q4 SFY 2025, Q4 SFY 2026
Forecast	

• In SFY 2025, at least 300 VHC patient applications will be approved.

Medical Assistance Measure 3.2 Impact of Arlington Medical Assistance program Data

Percentage of Medical Assistance Recipients **Accessing Medical Care** 100% 89% 84% 90% 74% 80% 64% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% SFY 2021 SFY 2022 SFY 2023 SFY 2024



Data Summary • Statistics provided show the percentage of Medicaid and FAMIS enrollees who accessed medical services, and the total payments made for medical services year to date for Arlington County residents. This data from VDSS is available at https://fusion.dss.virginia.gov/bp/BP-Home/Medical-Assistance/Reports.

What is the story behind the data?

• In SFY 2024, 64% of Arlington Medicaid recipients accessed medical services, which is down 10 percentage points from the previous year. The decrease was driven by reduced utilization among adults – 56% accessed care in SFY 2024. Most other recipients – children and those eligible as Aged, Blind, or Disabled – accessed care at rates over 70%.

- Medical Assistance recipients accessed over \$226M in care from community providers in SFY 2024. Providers include primary care physicians, urgent care centers, specialists, and hospitals.
- The SFY 2024 decrease in Medicaid spending may be due to the end to the PHE and the reinstatement of case reviews.
- According a 2022 report by the <u>Kaiser Family Foundation</u>, 16.7% of Virginia residents are covered by Medicaid which has consistently trended up since 2008 when data was captured.
- According to a 2024 report by the <u>Department of Medical Assistance</u>, Medicaid serves approximately 1 in 5 Virginians: 794,484 children, 789,989 adults, 184,029 with limited benefits, 139,683 individuals with disabilities, 88,798 older adults, and 37,857 pregnant persons. Medicaid plays a critical role in the lives of approximately 2 million Virginians.
- The July 2023 American Community Survey found that approximately 11,240 or 4.8% of Arlington residents under age 65 are uninsured; a decrease from 2022 of 5%, 2021 of 6.3%, 2020 of 6.1%, 2019 of 6.7% and 2017 study of 7.2%. Of this total, most are non-US citizens. These residents are typically ineligible for Medicaid coverage.

Recommendations	Target Dates
Continue to provide outreach and educational information about coverage available to Arlington residents.	As needed
 Provide informational sessions during non-traditional hours to assist with Medicaid application assistance as needed. 	As needed
Deliver information sessions electronically via Teams.	As needed

Forecast

 Medical Assistance reimbursements will likely remain consistent in SFY 2025 as all Medicaid reviews that were postponed during the Public Health Emergency have been completed. The percentage of recipients accessing care will likely remain consistent for the same reason.